#### APPENDIX A

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M) AGREEMENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (SWM BMPs)

	AGREEMENT, made and ente	ered into this	day of	,
$20_{-}$ , by and			•	
(hereinafter the	e "Landowner"), and		<del>,</del>	
County, Penns	ylvania, (hereinafter "Municipa	lity");		
	WIT	NESSETH		
the land record	EAS, the Landowner is the own	ner of certain real pro County, Pennsylvania	operty as record a, Deed Book	led by deed in at
page , (her	einafter "Property").			

WHEREAS, the Landowner is proceeding to build and develop the Property; and

WHEREAS, the SWM BMP Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan approved by the Municipality (hereinafter referred to as the "O&M Plan") for the property identified herein, which is attached hereto as Appendix A and made part hereof, as approved by the Municipality, provides for management of stormwater within the confines of the Property through the use of BMPs; and

WHEREAS, the Municipality, and the Landowner, his successors and assigns, agree that the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the Municipality and the protection and maintenance of water quality require that on-site SWM BMPs be constructed and maintained on the Property; and

WHEREAS, the Municipality requires, through the implementation of the SWM Site Plan, that SWM BMPs as required by said SWM Site Plan and the Municipal Stormwater Management Ordinance be constructed and adequately operated and maintained by the Landowner, successors, and assigns.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing promises, the mutual covenants contained herein, and the following terms and conditions, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. The Landowner shall construct the BMPs in accordance with the plans and specifications identified in the SWM Site Plan.

- 2. The Landowner shall operate and maintain the BMPs as shown on the SWM Plan in good working order in accordance with the specific operation and maintenance requirements noted on the approved O&M Plan.
- 3. The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Municipality, its authorized agents and employees, to enter upon the property, at reasonable times and upon presentation of proper credentials, to inspect the BMPs whenever necessary. Whenever possible, the Municipality shall notify the Landowner prior to entering the property.
- 4. In the event the Landowner fails to operate and maintain the BMPs per paragraph 2., the Municipality or its representatives may enter upon the Property and take whatever action is deemed necessary to maintain said BMP(s). It is expressly understood and agreed that the Municipality is under no obligation to maintain or repair said facilities, and in no event shall this Agreement be construed to impose any such obligation on the Municipality.
- 5. In the event the Municipality, pursuant to this Agreement, performs work of any nature, or expends any funds in performance of said work for labor, use of equipment, supplies, materials, and the like, the Landowner shall reimburse the Municipality for all expenses (direct and indirect) incurred within ten (10) days of receipt of invoice from the Municipality.
- 6. The intent and purpose of this Agreement is to ensure the proper maintenance of the onsite BMPs by the Landowner; provided, however, that this Agreement shall not be deemed to create or effect any additional liability of any party for damage alleged to result from or be caused by stormwater runoff.
- 7. The Landowner, its executors, administrators, assigns, and other successors in interests, shall release the Municipality from all damages, accidents, casualties, occurrences, or claims which might arise or be asserted against said employees and representatives from the construction, presence, existence, or maintenance of the BMP(s) by the Landowner or Municipality.
- 8. The Municipality may inspect the BMPs at a minimum of once every three (3) years to ensure their continued functioning. Optionally, at its sole discretion, the Municipality may inspect the BMPs at more or less frequent intervals.

This Agreement shall be recorded at the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of County, Pennsylvania, and shall constitute a covenant running with the Property and/or equitable servitude, and shall be binding on the Landowner, his administrators, executors, assigns, heirs, and any other successors in interests, in perpetuity.

ATTEST:				
WITNESS the	e following signatures and	d seals:		
(SEAL)	For the Municipality:			
For the Lando	wner:			
ATTEST:				
County of I,aforesaid, who	ose commission expires o	Pennsylvania	Borough, Township)  ublic in and for the co	
hereby certify whose name(s county and sta	is/are signed to the fore	going Agreement be 20, has acknow	earing date of the ledged the same before	day of ore me in my said
GIVEN UND	ER MY HAND THIS	day of	, 20 .	
NOTARY PU	BLIC	(SEAL)		

#### APPENDIX B

#### **DISCONNECTED IMPERVIOUS AREA (DIA)**

#### B.1. Rooftop Disconnection

When rooftop down spouts are directed to a pervious area that allows for infiltration, filtration, and increased time of concentration, the rooftop may qualify as completely or partially DIA and a portion of the impervious rooftop area may be excluded from the calculation of total impervious area.

A rooftop is considered to be completely or partially disconnected if it meets the requirements listed below:

- The contributing area of rooftop to each disconnected discharge is 500 square feet or less, and
- The soil, in proximity of the roof water discharge area, is not designated as hydrologic soil group "D" or equivalent, and
- The overland flow path from roof water discharge area has a positive slope of five percent (5%) or less.

For designs that meet these requirements, the portion of the roof that may be considered disconnected depends on the length of the overland path as designated in Table B.1.

Table B.1: Partial Rooftop Disconnection				
Length of Pervious Flow Path*	Roof Area Treated as Disconnected			
(ft.)	(% of contributing area)			
0 - 14	0			
15 - 29	20			
30 - 44	40			
45 - 59	60			
60 - 74	80			
75 or more	100			

<sup>\*</sup> Flow path cannot include impervious surfaces and must be at least 15 feet from any impervious surfaces.

#### B.2. **Pavement Disconnection**

When pavement runoff is directed to a pervious area that allows for infiltration, filtration, and increased time of concentration, the contributing pavement area may qualify as a DIA that may be excluded from the calculation of total impervious area. This applies generally only to small or narrow pavement structures such as driveways and narrow pathways through otherwise pervious areas, e.g., a walkway or bike path through a park.

Pavement is disconnected if the pavement, or area adjacent to the pavement, meets the requirements below:

- The contributing flow path over impervious area is not more than 75 feet, and
- The length of overland flow is greater than or equal to the contributing length, and
- The soil is not designated as hydrologic soil group "D" or equivalent, and The slope of the contributing impervious area is five percent (5%) or less, and The slope of the overland flow path is five percent (5%) or less.

If the discharge is concentrated at one or more discrete points, no more than 1,000 square feet may discharge to any one point. In addition, a gravel strip or other spreading device is required for concentrated discharges. For non-concentrated discharges along the edge of the pavement, this requirement is waived; however, there must be a provision for the establishment of vegetation along the pavement edge and temporary stabilization of the area until vegetation becomes stabilized.

#### REFERENCE

Philadelphia Water Department. 2006. Stormwater Management Guidance Manual. Section 4.2.2: Integrated Site Design. Philadelphia, PA.

### **APPENDIX C**

# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT WATERSHED MAP